Rutgers University
Math 151

## Section 3.7: Implicit Differentiation - Worksheet

1. Calculate $\frac{d y}{d x}$ for the following curves.
(a) $e^{5 x y}+11 \tan (x)=y^{2}$
(c) $\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}=3^{y}$
(b) $x^{3}-x \sin (y)=3 x y$
(d) $x^{4}+6 x y^{2}+5 y^{3}=0$
2. Consider the curve of equation $x^{2}+6 x y-y^{2}=40$. Find the points on the curve, if any, where the tangent line is (a) horizontal, (b) vertical, (c) [Advanced] perpendicular to $y=2 x+9$.
