Rutgers University Math 151

## Midterm 2 Practice Session

1. Find 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 for the following equations.  
(a)  $y = \cos(7) + 4e^{3x} - \frac{5}{\sqrt[8]{x^3}}$  (d)  $y = \sec^3\left(\frac{2}{x} - e^{-4x}\right)$  (g)  $y = \frac{\sqrt[7]{x^2}(x^2 + 6x + 1)^{32}}{(2x+1)^{10}(x+2)^3}$   
(b)  $y = \arctan(7\ln(x))$  (e)  $y = (1 - 3x)^{8\cot(5x^2)}$  (h)  $y = \frac{5^x}{\cos(2x) + 3x}$   
(c)  $y = x^2\sin^{-1}(2x)e^{-x}$  (f)  $y = \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} - \sec^{-1}(3x)$  (i)  $y = \sin(3x)^{x^2}$ 

2. Find the values of the constants A, B for which the following function is differentiable at x = 1.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 10 - 3x & \text{if } x < 1, \\ x^A + Bx + 3 & \text{if } x \ge 1. \end{cases}$$

3. Suppose that f is a one-to-one differentiable function. The following table of values is given for f and f'.

- (a) Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of y = f(x) at the point x = -1.
- (b) Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = f^{-1}(x)$  at the point x = 2.
- (c) Let  $G(x) = 2^{7x} f(3x)$ . Calculate G'(0).
- (d) Let  $H(x) = \tan^{-1}(f(x^2))$ . Calculate H'(-1).
- (e) Let  $K(x) = \sqrt{f(2-x)^2 + e^{16x}}$ . Calculate K'(0).
- (f) Let  $M(x) = \cos(\pi x) f(2x)$ . Calculate  $M''(\frac{1}{2})$ .
- 4. Consider the curve of equation  $x^2 + 6xy y^2 = 40$ . Find the points on the curve, if any, where the tangent line is (a) horizontal, (b) vertical, (c) perpendicular to y = 2x + 9.
- 5. The graph below shows the velocity v of an object moving along an axis.



- (a) When is the object moving forward? backward? standing still?
- (b) When does the object reverse direction?
- (c) When does the object move at greatest speed?
- (d) When is the acceleration positive?
- (e) What is the average acceleration on the interval  $5 \leq t \leq 8$ ?
- (f) What is the exact value of the acceleration at t = 1?
- (g) Sketch the graph of the acceleration of the object.
- 6. A snow ball in the shape of a perfect sphere melts at a rate of  $4 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ . How fast is the surface area changing when the radius of the sphere is 7 cm? [Hint: the volume and surface area of a sphere of radius R are given by the formulas  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ ,  $S = 4\pi R^2$ ].
- 7. Find the value of the constant A such that the tangent line to  $y = 2e^{Ax} + \tan^{-1}(7x)$  at x = 0 passes through the point (-3, 11).