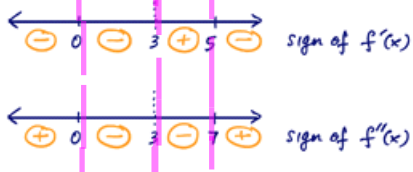


Suppose f satisfies the following properties.

- f is continuous and differentiable on $(-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$
- $x = 3$ is a vertical asymptote of f
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 1$
- the only x -values for which $f'(x) = 0$ are $x = 0$ and $x = 5$
- the only x -values for which $f''(x) = 0$ are $x = 0$ and $x = 7$

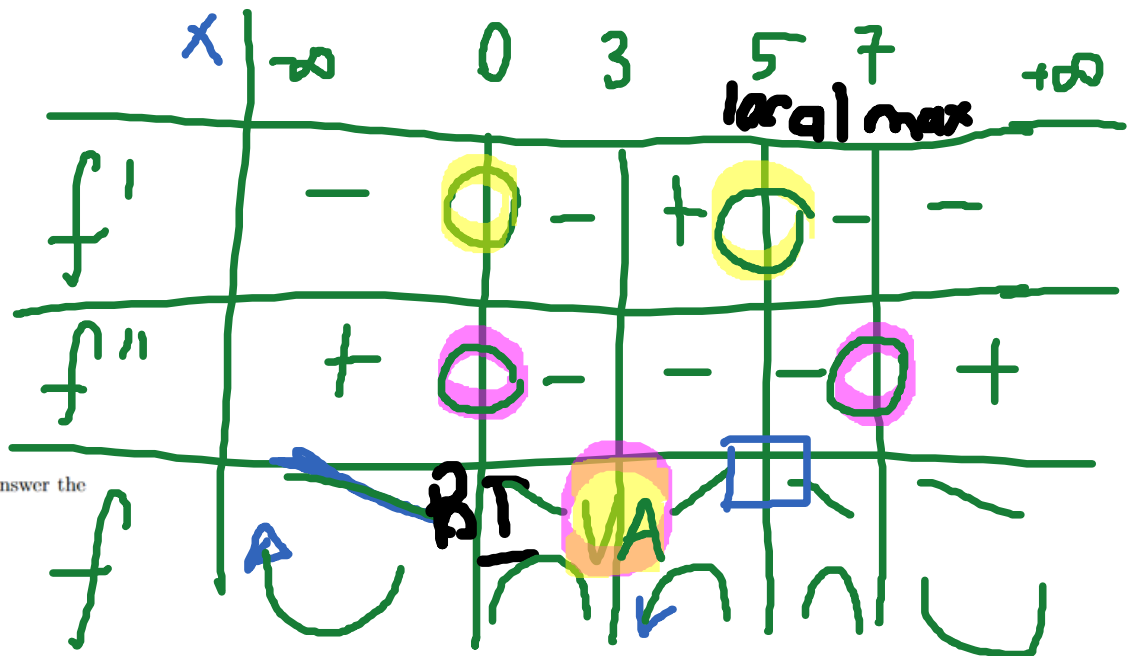
A sign chart for the first and second derivatives of f are given below.



Do not attempt to find an algebraic formula for f . Use the above information to answer the following questions about f .

- Where is f increasing?
- Where is f concave down?
- At which x -value(s) does f have a local minimum?
- At which x -value(s) does f have a local maximum?
- Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$ or determine there is not enough information to do so.
- Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$ or determine there is not enough information to do so.

(g) Sketch a possible graph of $y = f(x)$. Make sure to clearly mark and label all of the following: local minima, local maxima, inflection points, vertical asymptotes, horizontal asymptotes. Your graph does not have to be to scale, but the shape must be correct.



a) f is inc on $(3, 5)$
 f is dec on $(-\infty, 3), (5, \infty)$

b) f is concave down on $(0, 3), (3, 7)$

c) local max at $x = 5$
 local min - NONE

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = -\infty$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$

poI at $x = 0, 7$

