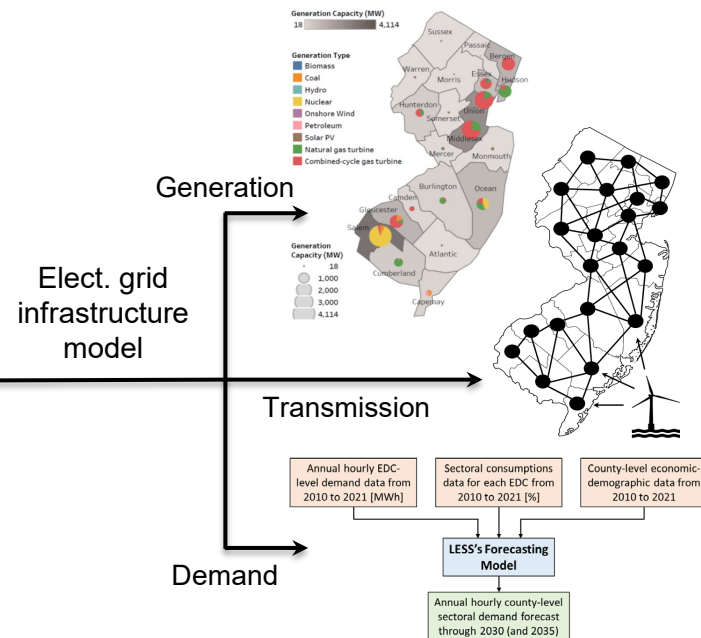
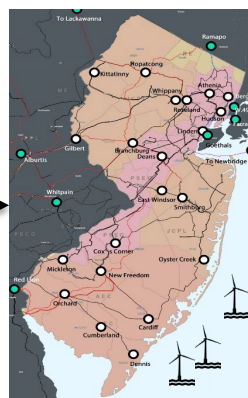
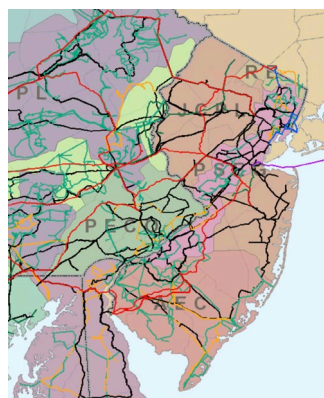
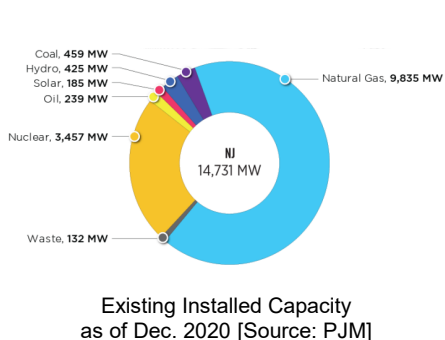


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Impact Assessment of Energy Storage & Offshore Wind Integration within NJ Elect. Grid

- New Jersey's Energy Master Plan:
 - 3,500 MW of offshore wind by 2030 & 7,500 MW by 2035
 - 2,000 MW energy storage by 2030 & 2,500 MW by 2035



- Framework to quantify the integration impacts of ESSs & OSWs

- A state-level Unit Commitment-based optimization model is developed.
- The model computes “best” power generation/storage mix to balance supply and projected net-demand.
- 5 Key performance indicators (KPIs) are proposed to quantify impacts of different ESS+OSW configuration scenarios in comparison with the baseline cases (only OSWs).
- Decentralized ESS configurations with uneven capacities seem to have better impacts on the system operation, i.e., LMPs, congestions, renewable curtailments and the operation cost.

