

Exp)

A particle moves on a coordinate line w/ acceleration $\frac{d^2s}{dt^2} = 45\sqrt{t} - \frac{24}{\sqrt{t}}$, subject to the conditions that $\frac{ds}{dt} = 8$ and $s = 17$ when $t = 1$. Find the velocity and position in terms of t .

Given

$$a(t) = 45 \cdot t^{1/2} - 24 \cdot t^{-1/2}$$
$$v(t) = 8, s(t) = 17 \text{ @ } t = 1$$
$$v(1) = 8, s(1) = 17$$

Asked

$$v(t) = ?, s(t) = ?$$

$$v(t) = \int a(t) \cdot dt = \int (45 \cdot t^{1/2} - 24 \cdot t^{-1/2}) dt$$
$$= \frac{45 \cdot t^{3/2}}{1 \cdot 3/2} - \frac{24 \cdot t^{1/2}}{1/2} + C_1$$
$$= 30t^{3/2} - 48t^{1/2} + C_1$$

Given: $v(1) = 8 \Rightarrow v(1) = 30 \cdot 1^{3/2} - 48 \cdot 1^{1/2} + C_1 = 8$

$$= -18 + C_1 = 8 \Rightarrow \boxed{C_1 = 26}$$

$$v(t) = 30t^{3/2} - 48t^{1/2} + 26$$

$$v(t) = 30t^{3/2} - 48t^{1/2} + 26$$

Given

$$a(t) = 45 \cdot t^{1/2} - 24 \cdot t^{-1/2}$$

$v(t) = 8, s(t) = 17$ @ $t = 1$
 $(1) = 8, s(1) = 17$

$$s(t) = ?$$

$$s(t) = \int v(t) \cdot dt \Rightarrow s(t) = \int (30t^{3/2} - 48t^{1/2} + 26) \cdot dt$$

$$s(t) = \frac{30 \cdot t^{5/2}}{5/2} - \frac{48 \cdot t^{3/2}}{3/2} + 26t + C_2$$

$$= 12t^{5/2} - 32t^{3/2} + 26t + C_2$$

$$s(1) = 17 \Rightarrow s(1) = 12 - 32 + 26 + C_2 = 17$$

-20

$$6 + C_2 = 17 \Rightarrow C_2 = 11$$

$$s(t) = 12t^{5/2} - 32t^{3/2} + 26t + 11$$